

# **Wireless 101**

The basics to 802.11

# Agenda

- Basic Wireless Definitions
- Wireless Attacker Kit
- Demonstration
- Defense Strategy Against Attacks
- Questions

# Requires Wireless Definitions

- SSID
  - BSSID
  - MAC Address
- Encryption / Authentication
  - WEP
  - WPA
  - 802.11i
  - 802.1x
- Fade / Fresnel Zone
- Channel
- Frequency

# SSID

- “Service Set Identifier”
  - Your “Wireless Network Name”
  - Human Readable
  - Can be disabled, but still discoverable

# BSSID

- “Basic Service Set Identification”
  - AP Identification by MAC Address
  - (ESSID Share the same SSID & BSSID)

# MAC Address

## “Data Link” Layer

- Media Access Control

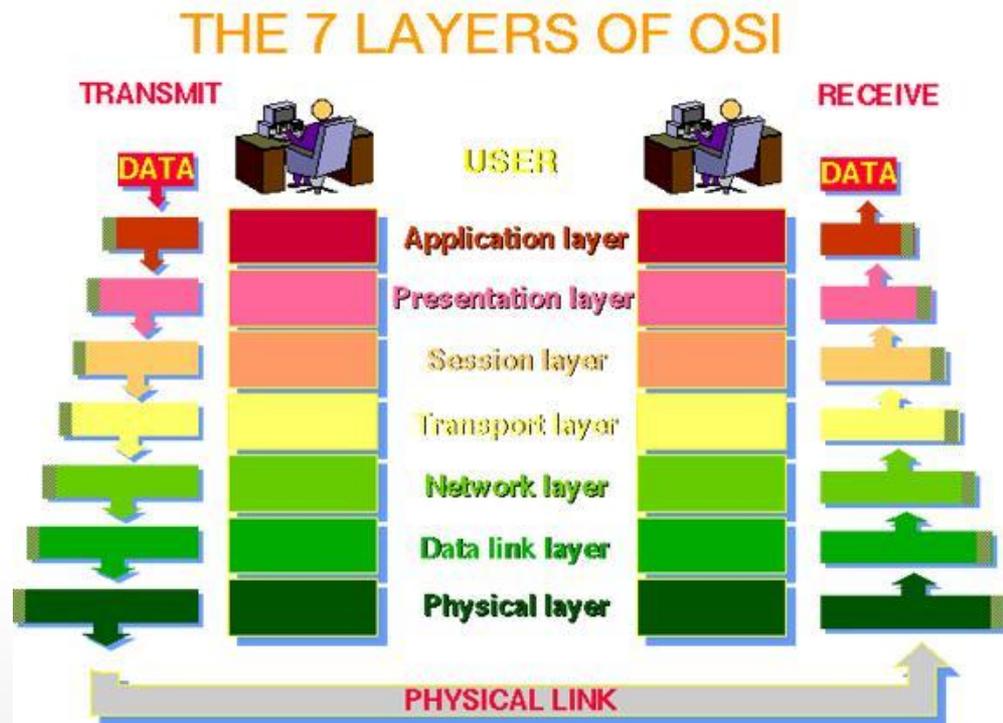
- Each device has one that is “unique”

- Example

- DE:AD:BE:EF:00:00

- Multiple MAC’s for WiFi

- BSSID
      - Destination
      - Source



# Encryption

- WEP

- Though worthless for encryption, still useful as identifying a “private” network

- WPA

- PSK (typically version 1)

- Broken using Rainbow tables (takes about ~10 minutes)

- Can be made secure!

- Enterprise (typically version 2)

- Uses dynamic key exchanges

- Much stronger encryption (AES)



# Fade / Fresnel Zone

- Fade

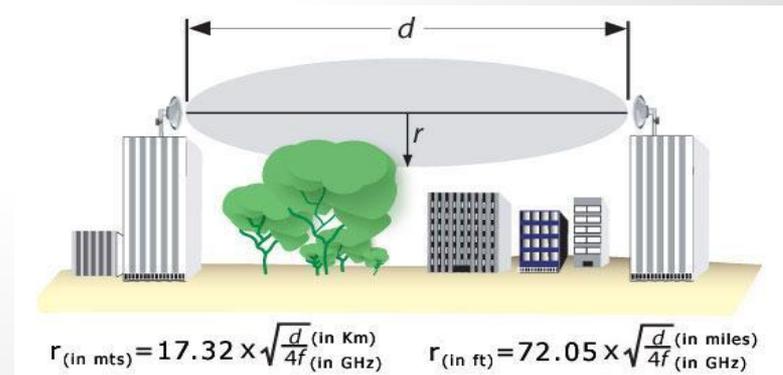
- The area where the signal strength begins to degrade the link's performance



2. This photograph shows a typical microwave repeater station.

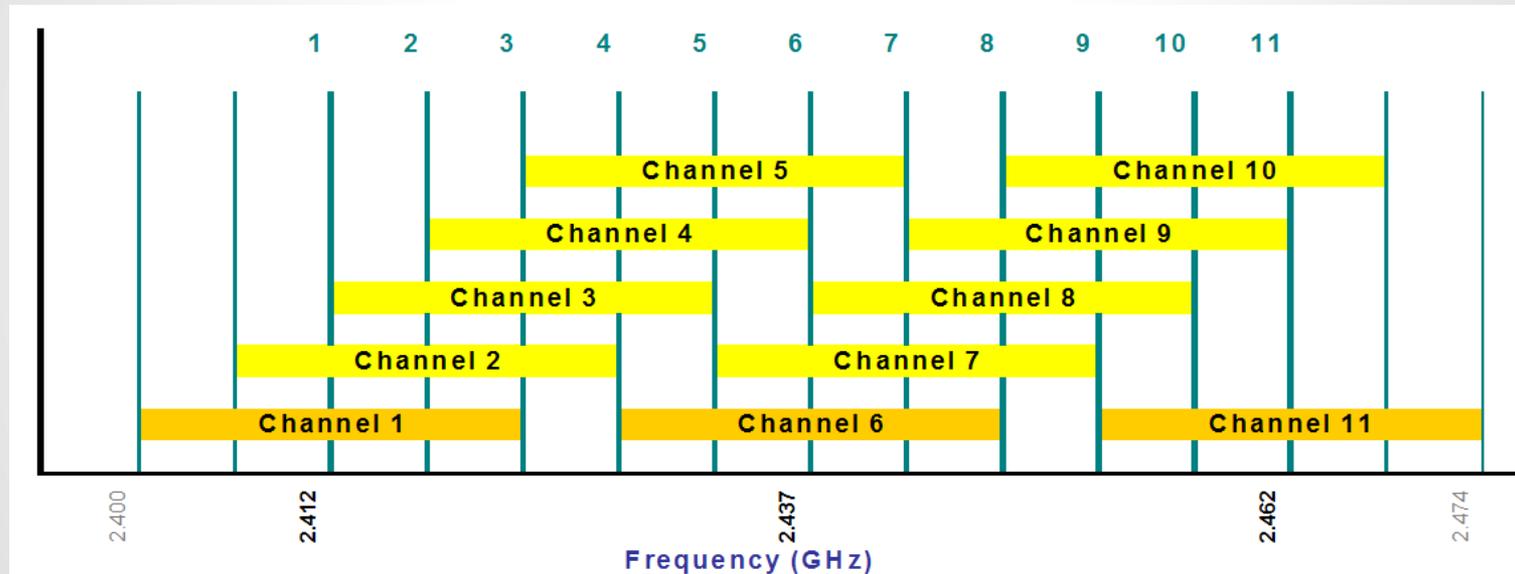
- Fresnel Zone

- the area around the visual line-of-sight that radio waves spread out into after they leave the



# Channel

The frequency band allocated to a transmission



# Wardriving



# Warwalking



# Warflying



# Wireless Attacker Kit - Hardware

At the least...

- Computer
- GPS
- Two 802.11 NICs
- Antenna

(Folding stock not included)



# Antennas



Pringles Can



Coffee Can



Floppy Disk  
Paper Clips



Discone

# Wireless Attacker Kit - Software

Kismet †

Backtrack†

FakeAP †

NetStumbler‡

Pentoo†

AiroPeek ‡

Wellenreiter † ‡

AirTraf†

WarLinux†

†For Unix/Linux Platforms

‡For Windows Platforms

# Kismet

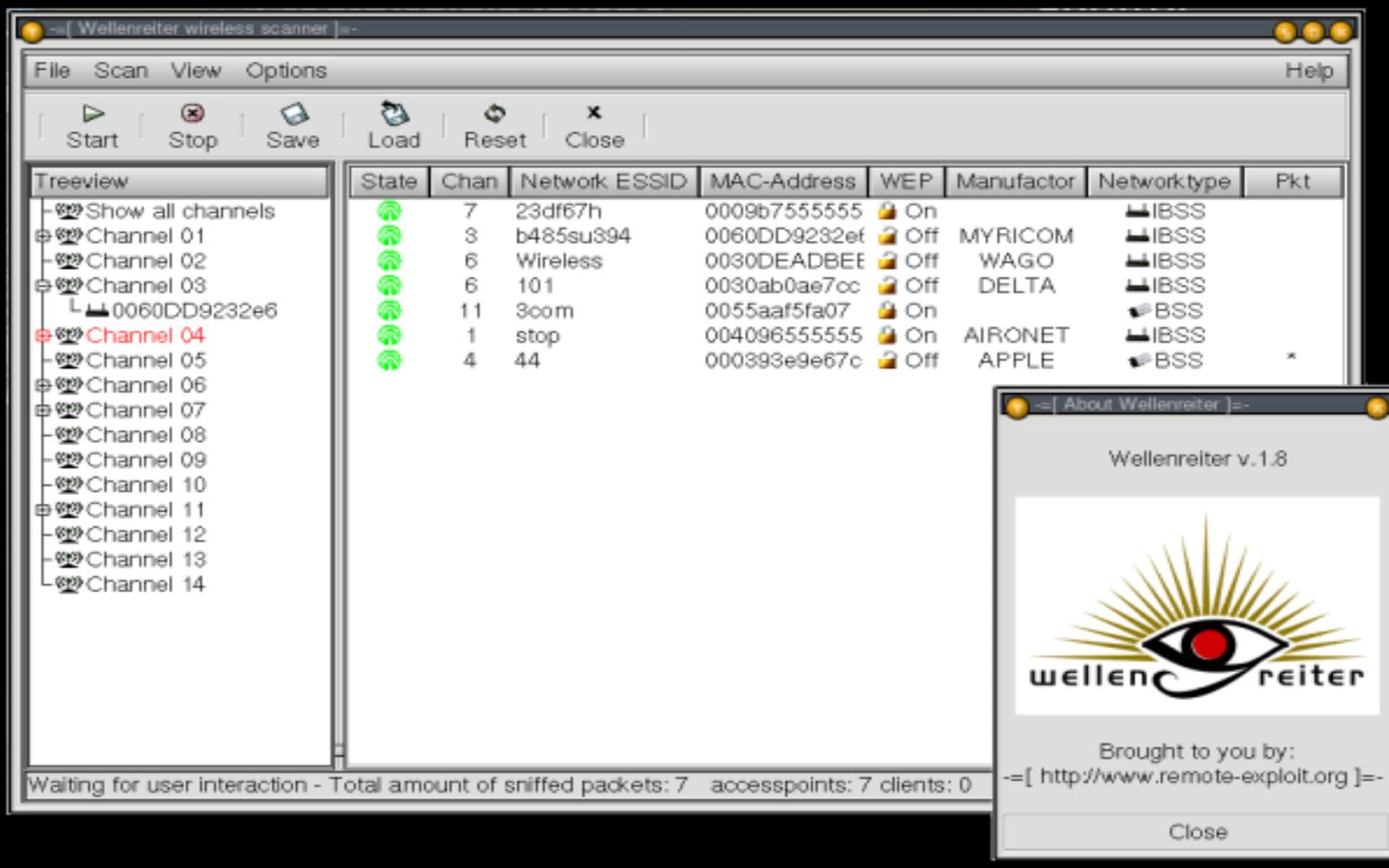
```
root@wirelessdefence:~  
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help  
Network List (Autofit) Info  
Name T W Ch Packts Flags IP Range Ntwrks  
default A N 006 9 F 192.168.0.1 16  
! iyonder.net A N 005 42 U4 10.254.178.254 Pckets  
! iyonder.net A N 001 22 A3 10.254.178.0 228  
! eurospot A N 001 19 U4 204.26.5.166 Cryptd  
! NETGEAR A 0 006 5 0.0.0.0 4  
. eurospot A N 011 14 0.0.0.0 Weak  
! belkin54g A Y 011 17 0.0.0.0 0  
! iyonder.net A N 011 16 A3 10.254.178.0 Noise  
! tsunami A Y 007 17 0.0.0.0 0  
! <no ssid> A 0 003 11 0.0.0.0 Discrd  
Probe Networks P N --- 3 0.0.0.0 0  
! iyonder.net A N 008 35 0.0.0.0 Pkts/s  
. <no ssid> A Y 011 5 0.0.0.0 8  
NCDT_NET A Y 006 1 0.0.0.0  
<no ssid> A Y 011 1 0.0.0.0  
Elapsd  
00:00:20  
Status  
Found new probed network "\012\003\031\034\012\013\023\007\027\003\033\033\0  
36\011\030\005\023\011\004\022\013\010\027\030\031\001\011\027\003\003\0  
bssid 00:0A:8A:A2:C8:7F  
Found IP 10.254.178.254 for iyonder.net::00:50:8B:51:17:17 via UDP  
Battery: AC 107%
```

# NetStumbler

The screenshot shows the NetStumbler application window titled "Network Stumbler - [first time]". The interface includes a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Device, Window, Help), a toolbar with various icons, and a left-hand sidebar with "Channels", "SSIDs", and "Filters". The main area displays a table of detected wireless networks. The table has columns for MAC, SSID, Name, C... (Channel), Ven... (Vendor), Ty... (Type), and E... (Encryption). The status bar at the bottom indicates "Ready", "Not scanning", "GPS: Disabled", and "32 / 32". The Windows taskbar at the very bottom shows the Start button, several open applications, and the system clock at 11:30 AM.

| MAC         | SSID          | Name | C... | Ven...  | Ty... | E... |
|-------------|---------------|------|------|---------|-------|------|
| 00409633... | ACIMRF        |      | 6    | Cisc... | AP    | W... |
| 000625A1... | linksys       |      | 6    | Link... | AP    |      |
| 00904B09... | RRBFAA        |      | 9    | Gem...  | AP    |      |
| 00022D0F... |               |      | 4    | Ager... | AP    |      |
| 00032F06... | default       |      | 1    | GST...  | AP    |      |
| 00055DE...  | uFUCKINhacker |      | 6    | D-Link  | AP    |      |
| 00C002C...  | SpeedStream   |      | 11   | Serc... | AP    |      |
| 00045A0E... | linksys       |      | 6    | Link... | AP    |      |
| 9E6EC42...  | Emmanuel      |      | 11   |         | P...  |      |
| B244F15...  | Emmanuel      |      | 11   |         | P...  |      |
| 0A1E6F5...  | Emmanuel      |      | 11   |         | P...  |      |
| C6103916... | Emmanuel      |      | 11   |         | P...  |      |
| 421896F0... | Emmanuel      |      | 11   |         | P...  |      |
| 3A3D1FF...  | Emmanuel      |      | 11   |         | P...  |      |
| 004005D0... | default       |      | 6    | D-Link  | AP    |      |
| 0006253B... | PMLA          |      | 6    | Link... | AP    | W... |
| 004005D0... | AMOA          |      | 1    | D-Link  | AP    | W... |
| 76862F8E... | Emmanuel      |      | 11   |         | P...  |      |
| 00022D2...  | 9th JDC       |      | 10   | Ager... | AP    |      |
| 0050F2C...  | MSHOME        |      | 6    |         | AP    |      |
| 00022D03... | 9th JDC       |      | 10   | Ager... | AP    |      |

# Wellenreiter



Wellenreiter wireless scanner

File Scan View Options Help

Start Stop Save Load Reset Close

Treeview

- Show all channels
- Channel 01
- Channel 02
- Channel 03
  - 0060DD9232e6
- Channel 04**
- Channel 05
- Channel 06
- Channel 07
- Channel 08
- Channel 09
- Channel 10
- Channel 11
- Channel 12
- Channel 13
- Channel 14

| State | Chan | Network ESSID | MAC-Address  | WEP   | Manufacturer | Network type | Pkt |
|-------|------|---------------|--------------|-------|--------------|--------------|-----|
| 📶     | 7    | 23df67h       | 0009b7555555 | 🔒 On  |              | IBSS         |     |
| 📶     | 3    | b485su394     | 0060DD9232ef | 🔒 Off | MYRICOM      | IBSS         |     |
| 📶     | 6    | Wireless      | 0030DEADBEE  | 🔒 Off | WAGO         | IBSS         |     |
| 📶     | 6    | 101           | 0030ab0ae7cc | 🔒 Off | DELTA        | IBSS         |     |
| 📶     | 11   | 3com          | 0055aaf5fa07 | 🔒 On  |              | BSS          |     |
| 📶     | 1    | stop          | 004096555555 | 🔒 On  | AIRONET      | IBSS         |     |
| 📶     | 4    | 44            | 000393e9e67c | 🔒 Off | APPLE        | BSS          | *   |

Waiting for user interaction - Total amount of sniffed packets: 7 accesspoints: 7 clients: 0

Wellenreiter v.1.8



Brought to you by:  
--[ <http://www.remote-exploit.org> ]--

Close

# Pentoo



# Wireless IDS

- Some cases, still a very young technology
- Can be evaded
- Watches a small world
  - 802.11a (5.2 GHz and 5.8 GHz)
  - 802.11b/g (2.4 GHz, but different spectrum management)
  - 802.11j / Public Safety (4.7 - 4.9 GHz)
  - Bluetooth!!! (yes, they have AP's too)

# Reconnaissance

- Wagle.net
- Google.com
- Local message boards
- Use your IMAGINATION



# Deployment

- Use the right antenna for the right job
- Use the right amount of power
- Pay attention to your surroundings
  - Public roads, parks, etc
- Policies
  - Warning banners, private network messages, etc

# Wireless Forensics Challenges

- Few solutions out there
  - Solutions are generally not “court certified” (yet)
- Building is an option
  - Must use FCC Certified components and be in operating compliance
- Procedure and expertise
  - Wifi is “Layer 1” and up
  - Radio and Network Engineer
- Physical environment presents their own challenges

# Wireless Forensics - Antennas



Grid / Dish



Omni



Yagi



Panel

# Wireless Forensics Kit

- A very fast computer with lots of disk space
- Two GPSs (one for backup)
- Multiple 802.11 NICs
  - Fourteen for 802.11 b/g
  - Eighteen for 802.11 a
- Antennas
- Kismet (Don't be Evil / 9<sup>th</sup> Circuit)
- Camera

# Questions

